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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/700,449	11/09/2000	Tetsuya Yamamoto	SZI 2 0014	3753
7:	590 03/13/2003			
Fay Sharpe Beall Fagan Minnich & McKee Suite 700			. EXAMINER	
			VERBITSKY, GAIL KAPLAN	
1100 Superior Avenue Cleveland, OH 44114-2518			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2859	
	•		DATE MAILED: 03/13/2003	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

B)

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/700,449

Applicant(s)

Yamamoto et al.

Examiner

Gail Verbitsky

Art Unit **2859**



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
	for Reply	TO EVOIDE 2 MONTHUS FROM
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM
· Extens	tions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a).	In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX, (6) MONTHS from the
- If the p	g date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within	
	period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will app to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, caus	ly and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
	ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date if patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status		
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Dec 23, 2</u>	002
2a)[X]	This action is FINAL . 2b) \Box This act	ion is non-final.
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance ϵ closed in accordance with the practice under ϵx part	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is rte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposi	tion of Claims	
4) X	Claim(s) 20-38	is/are pending in the application.
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideratio
5)[]	Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6) X	Claim(s) <u>20-38</u>	is/are rejected.
7) 🗀	Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
8) 🗌	Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement
Applica	tion Papers	
9) 🗀	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10)[]	The drawing(s) filed onis/ar	e aD accepted or bD objected to by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)		is: all approved bll disapproved by the Examine
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	o this Office action.
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	
13)X	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	iority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) 🗴	∄ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:	·
	1. $\overline{\mathbb{X}}$ Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received.
:	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received in Application No
;	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea	ocuments have been received in this National Stage au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
*Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	e certified copies not received.
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	
a)		
15)∐	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.
Attachme		A) The land of the Company (DTO 412) Bears No. (a)
	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35

U.S.C. 119(a)-(d).

Drawings

2. The drawings are finally objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show

every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "the second temperature

value portion consists of a portion of the temperature value of lower three digits", as stated in

claim 32, and "the decimal point of the second temperature value portion", as stated in claim 34,

must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office

action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held

in abeyance.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 22, 34 are finally objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 22: Perhaps applicant should replace "a first temperature" in line 2 and "a second

temperature" in lines 4-5 with --the first temperature-- and --the second temperature--

respectively.

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Claim 34: "the decimal point of the second temperature value portion" lacks antecedent basis.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. Claims 34 and 38 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. In this case,

Claim 38: the limitation stating that the "control device detects an operation pattern of the operation switch after displaying of the measured temperature" was not clearly described in the specification

Claim 34: "the <u>decimal point</u> of the <u>second</u> temperature value portion" was not clearly described in the specification.

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

7. Claim 38 is finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards

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as the invention. In this case, the limitation stating that "control device detects an operation pattern of the operation switch after displaying of the measured temperature" makes the claim language confusing because it is not clear what applicant means.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 20, 23, 25-27 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Turner (U.S. 4090064).

Turner discloses in Fig. 3 a thermometer comprising a computation means 16 computing temperature measured by temperature measuring circuits (computation means) 12 and 14 in a predetermined computation digits (decimal) numbers, a digit shift means (counter) for changing a display device 100. Turner also discloses displaying an upper/ first temperature value portion (most significant) displayed with a first set of a predetermined digit/ digits, and a lower/ second temperature value portion (less significant) displayed with a second set of a predetermined digit/ digits computed by said computation means. Inherently the second temperature value portion can include any digit/ digits different from the first temperature value portion. Turner further discloses an on-off switch to start measurements in a predetermined pattern. Temperature

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measurements last for a predetermined time. The display is a LED (lighting display) having two display sections for higher and lower digits to fit a first and a second temperature value portions respectively. The two temperature value portions are being measured in Fahrenheit (selected from the same temperature value) and can be 100.0F/ four digits display (col. 2, line 66) wherein, "100" are the higher digits, and "0" is the lower digit. Both temperature value portions are selected from the same temperature value measured on an object. Inherently, when display displays the value, its segments are lighted. It is inherent that the value of the measured temperature can be larger and does not fit in four digit (predetermined display number) and it will require another digit in the display, however, depending on the required accuracy, the computation means, will round the result to fit in 4 digits of said display.

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For claim 25: The first temperature value portion displayed on the display has a different value than the second temperature value portion (decimal vs. integers).

For claims 26-27: Inherently, that the control device controls the display device so as to display the first or the second temperature value portions (or both) in a single measuring operation, depending on the value of the measured temperature and the desired accuracy (i.e., if the measured temperature is 99 degrees exactly, the first temperature value portion equal to 99 will be displayed, if the measured temperature is only .9, the second temperature value portion .9 will be displayed. If the measured temperature is 99.9, both portions will be displayed in a single temperature measuring operation).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 21-23, 28-31, 34, 36-37 are finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turner in view of Buisson et al. (U.S. 4988995) [hereinafter Buisson].

Turner discloses the device as stated above in paragraph 7.

For claim 31: The first temperature value portion occupies higher three digits, and the second temperature value portion occupies the lowest fourth digit.

For claim 34: It is inherent that a decimal point (first decimal point) is lighted along with the first temperature value portion and the second temperature value portion, and a decimal point of the second temperature value portion (second decimal point) is not lighted (not shown) for the purpose of measuring of the temperature of the object.

Turner does not disclose that the first temperature value portion (first display) and the second temperature value portion (second display) can be switched and selectively/ alternately displayed in a time sharing manner.

Buisson discloses a device in the field of applicants endeavor comprising a switch (digit shift/ operation switch) and a control device responding to the switch, the switch for selectively/ alternately (in time sharing manner) switching in between two screens of a display device.

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Inherently the control device switches the display device on the basis of the operation pattern of the switch. Inherently, the control device is responsive to the switch at the time of initiating measurements.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device disclosed by Turner, so as to make the digit shift work as a switch, as taught by Buisson, in order to selectively switch the display so as only desired range of the information to be displayed.

12. Claim 32 is finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turner and Buisson in view of The temperature Book by Omega, volume 25, page K-75. 1995 [hereinafter Omega].

Turner and Buisson disclose the device as stated above in paragraph 11.

They do not disclose that the second temperature value portion consists of lower three digits of the display, as stated in claim 32.

Omega discloses a thermometer having a display with three digit numbers ("450") for integers (second temperature value portion) (see attachment to the Office Action).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the display disclosed by Turner and Buisson, so as to have three digits number for integers (second temperature value portion), as taught by Omega, in order to

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achieve a higher accuracy by calculating and displaying maximal possible number/value after decimal.

13. Claim 35 is finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turner in view of Kawamura.

Turner discloses the device as stated above in paragraph 9.

Turner does not disclose the second value portion in a blinking condition/ mode.

Kawamura teaches that a display (part of the display/ segment) that requires attention of the operator, can blink. Thus, inherently, if a second temperature value portion requires attention, it will blink.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device disclosed by Turner, so as to make the segments displaying the second temperature value portion blink, if (when) they require more attention of the operator, as taught by Kawamura, in order to alert the operator.

14. Claim 33 is finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turner in view of Ruhl (U.S. 4009615).

Turner discloses the device as stated above in paragraph 9.

Turner does not disclose that an operation switch for initializing temperature measurement switches a display of the first temperature value portion and the second temperature

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value portions on the basis of an operation pattern, as stated in claim 36, and that the control device detects the pattern at a time of initiation of the temperature measurements.

Ruhl discloses in Fig. 1 a device in the field of applicant's endeavor comprising a display device 26 for displaying a temperature of an object in two different display modes, Fahrenheit and Celsius.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device disclosed by Turner, so as to enable the operator to measure the temperature in two different modes, Fahrenheit and Celsius, as taught by Ruhl, so as to make the device usable in different countries.

Response to Arguments

15. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 20-38 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection necessitated by the present amendment.

Conclusion

16. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR

1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however,

will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final

action.

17. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. The prior art cited in the PTO-892 and not mentioned above disclose related devices.

18. It is not possible to apply the prior art of record to claim 38 due to the reasons stated

above in paragraphs 5-7.

19. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to examiner Verbitsky

who can be reached at (703) 306-5473 Monday through Friday, 7:30 to 4:00 ET.

Any inquiry of general nature should be directed to the Group receptionist whose

telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

GKV

March 03, 2003

Diego Gutierrez

Supervisory Patent Examiner, TC 2800